

STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:  285095	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. Building B. Wing	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED  08/16/2025
NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER  Monument Rehabilitation and Care Center		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE  111 West 36th Street Scottsbluff, NE 69361	
For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.			
(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (Each deficiency must be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)		
<p>F 0697</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Few</p>	<p>Provide safe, appropriate pain management for a resident who requires such services.</p> <p>Number of residents sampled:</p> <p>Number of residents cited:</p> <p>Based on observation, record review, interview, and facility policy review, the facility failed to implement an adequate pain management program by accurately assessing, monitoring, and treating pain, which affected 1 (Resident #90) of 3 residents reviewed for pain management. The failure resulted in Resident #90 experiencing uncontrolled pain. Findings included: A facility policy titled, Pain Assessment and Management, revised 10/2022, indicated, The purposes of this procedure are to help the staff identify pain in the resident, and to develop interventions that are consistent with the resident's goals and needs and that address the underlying causes of pain. The policy revealed, 1. The pain management program is based on a facility-wide commitment to appropriate assessment and treatment of pain, based on professional standards of practice, the comprehensive care plan, and the resident's choices related to pain management. 2. 'Pain management' is defined as the process of alleviating the resident's pain based on his or her clinical condition and established treatment goals. 3. Pain management is a multidisciplinary care process that includes the following: a. Assessing the potential for pain; b. Recognizing the presence of pain; c. Identifying the characteristics of pain; d. Addressing the underlying causes of pain; e. Developing and implementing approaches to pain management; f. Identifying and using specific strategies for different levels and sources of pain; g. Monitoring for the effectiveness of interventions; and h. Modifying approaches as necessary. The policy also indicated, Recognizing Pain included 1. Observe the resident (during rest and movement) for physiological and behavioral (non-verbal) signs of pain; and 5. Review the medication administration record to determine how often the individual requests and receives PRN [pro re nata; as needed] pain medication, and to what extent the administered medications relieve the resident's pain. The policy revealed, Assessing Pain included 1. Assess the resident at admission and during ongoing assessments to help identify the resident who is experiencing pain or for whom pain may be anticipated during specific procedures, care, or treatment; and 4. Assess pain using a consistent approach and a standardized pain assessment instrument appropriate to the resident's cognitive level. The policy continued, 5. During the pain assessment gather the following information as indicated from the resident (or legal representative), which included c. Characteristics of pain; d. Impact of pain on quality of life; f. Factors and strategies that reduce pain; and h. Physical and psychosocial issues (physical examination of the site of the pain, movement, or activity that causes the pain, as well as any discussion with resident about any psychological or psychosocial concerns that may be causing or exacerbating pain). The Implementing Pain Management Strategies included 1. Establish a treatment regimen that is specific to the resident based on consideration of the following: a. The resident's medical condition; b. Current medication regimen; c. History of addiction or opioid use disorder; d. Nature, severity, and cause of the pain; e. Course of the illness; and f. Treatment goals. The policy continued, 2. Non-pharmacological interventions may be appropriate alone or in conjunction with medications. The</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (\*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	TITLE	(X6) DATE
FORM CMS-2567 (02/99) Previous Versions Obsolete	Event ID:  285095	Facility ID:  285095

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<p>F 0697</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Few</p>	<p>policy revealed, 5. The following are considered when establishing the medication regimen: a. Starting with lower doses and titrating upward as necessary; b. Administering medication around the clock rather than PRN; c. Combining long-acting medications with PRNs for breakthrough pain; d. Combining non-narcotic analgesics with narcotic (opioid) analgesics; and e. Reducing or preventing anticipated adverse consequences of medications. The policy revealed, Monitoring and Modifying Approaches included 5. Contact the prescriber immediately if the resident's pain or medication side effects are not adequately controlled, and 6. If pain has not been adequately controlled, the multidisciplinary team, including the physician, shall reconsider approaches and make adjustments as indicated. The policy revealed, Report the following information to the physician or practitioner, which included 4. Prolonged, unrelieved pain despite care plan interventions. An admission Record indicated the facility admitted Resident #90 on 08/05/2025. According to the admission Record, the resident had a medical history that included diagnoses of primary osteoarthritis of the left shoulder, the presence of a left artificial shoulder joint, aftercare following joint replacement surgery, pain in the left shoulder, low back pain, and chronic pain. An admission Minimum Data Set (MDS), with an Assessment Reference Date (ARD) of 08/11/2025, revealed Resident #90 had a Brief Interview for Mental Status (BIMS) score of 13, which indicated the resident had intact cognition. The MDS indicated the resident received or was offered PRN medication during the assessment timeframe. Resident #90's Care Plan Report included a focus area initiated 08/07/2025, that indicated the resident was at risk for pain related to the primary diagnosis of osteoarthritis and left shoulder surgery. Interventions initiated on 08/07/2025 directed staff to administer medications as ordered and to reposition the resident. The Care Plan Report revealed no other non-pharmacological interventions to address the resident's pain. Resident #90's hospital Post Acute Care Transition Report, dated 08/05/2025, revealed Active Medications included the following: -Acetaminophen (an analgesic) 500 milligrams (mg), two tablets (1,000 mg) by mouth every six hours PRN, with a maximum of 4,000 mg a day. -Hydrocodone-acetaminophen (a narcotic analgesic combination) 5-325mg, two tablets by mouth every four hours PRN for acute pain. Resident #90's hospital Post Acute Care Transition Report, dated 08/05/2025, revealed Discontinued Medications included tramadol (an opioid) 50 mg. Resident #90's Order Recap [Recapitulation] Report, for order dates from 08/01/2025 through 08/31/2025, included the following orders: -Pain monitoring every day and night shift, with an order to utilize an appropriate pain scale according to the resident's cognition, ordered on 08/05/2025. -Acetaminophen extra strength 500 mg, two tablets by mouth every six hours PRN for pain, with instructions to not exceed 4,000 mg per day, ordered on 08/05/2025. -Hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg, two tablets by mouth every four hours PRN for acute pain, ordered on 08/05/2025 and discontinued on 08/12/2025. -Hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325, one tablet by mouth every six hours PRN for acute pain, ordered 08/12/2025. The Order Recap Report revealed no orders for non-pharmacological interventions for pain. Resident #90's Pain Evaluation, dated 08/05/2025, was incomplete. The evaluation indicated the resident was on a scheduled pain management regimen and received PRN and non-medication interventions for pain. The evaluation included a Pain Interview that indicated that the resident had almost constant pain over the previous five days that made it hard to sleep at night and limited their day-to-day activities. The evaluation revealed the sections for indicating the location of the pain, potential underlying causes of pain, pain intensity, pain relief, type of pain, timing and contributing factors, manner of expressing pain and associated symptoms, pain interference, laxatives ordered, and interventions were incomplete. The evaluation did not include the signature of the staff member who completed the evaluation. Resident #90's August 2025 Medication Administration Record [MAR], for the timeframe from 08/05/2025 (date of admission) through</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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<p>F 0697</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Few</p>	<p>08/15/2025 (the MAR report was printed on 08/15/2025 at 9:52 AM), revealed the following: - Staff documented monitoring the resident's pain each shift (6:00 AM shift and 6:00 PM shift), beginning on 08/05/2025. The record revealed that of the 18 times staff documented the resident's pain level, the resident's pain was a 10 (on a scale of 0-10, with 10 being the worst possible pain) 10 times; 9, one time; 8, two times; 6, two times; 5, two times; and 1, one time. - Staff documented Resident #90 received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg one time on 08/05/2025, two times on 08/06/2025, four times on 08/07/2025, four times on 08/08/2025, four times on 08/09/2025, three times on 08/10/2025, three times on 08/11/2025, and three times on 08/12/2025. - Of the 24 administrations of two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg, staff documented the resident's pain level was rated 10, 12 times; 9, five times; 8, four times; and 4, one time. Two were not documented. - Hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg was decreased from two tablets every four hours PRN to one tablet every six hours PRN on 08/12/2025. -Staff documented the resident received one tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg three times on 08/13/2025, four times on 08/14/2025, and one time so far on 08/15/2025. - Of the eight administrations of the medication, staff documented the resident's pain level was rated 10, five times; 9, one time; 8, one time; and 2, one time. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented Resident #90 received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg on 08/07/2025 at 6:44 PM (pain level 9) with an unknown effectiveness, and the next administration was at 11:06 PM (pain level 9). Resident #90's Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/07/2025 at 6:44 PM, that indicated the resident received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and a follow-up note at 9:14 PM indicated the effectiveness was unknown, indicating that the resident stated that they had vomited their medication. The resident's Progress Notes revealed no documentation of other follow-up or intervention until 11:06 PM, when the resident was given two more tables of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented Resident #90 received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg on 08/08/2025 at 2:06 PM (pain level 10) and the effectiveness was unknown. The MAR revealed the next administration was at 6:47 PM (pain level 10). Resident #90's Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/08/2025 at 2:06 PM, that indicated the resident received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and their follow pain level documented at 6:45 PM (over four hours after administration) was 10 and the effectiveness of the administration was unknown. The resident's Progress Notes revealed no other follow-up or intervention was provided until 6:47 PM, when the resident was given two more tables of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented the resident received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg on 08/09/2025 at 10:22 AM (pain level 10) and was ineffective. The MAR revealed the next administration was at 5:04 PM (pain level 10), which was also documented as ineffective. Resident #90's Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/09/2025 at 10:22 AM, that indicated the resident received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and their follow-up pain level documented at 4:18 PM (over six hours later) was 9 and indicated the administration was ineffective. The resident's Progress Notes revealed no other follow-up or intervention was provided until 5:04 PM, when the resident was provided another two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg. Per the notes, the follow-up pain level documented at 7:31 PM was 10 and indicated the administration was ineffective. The notes indicated the resident was given two tables of acetaminophen extra strength 500 mg at 7:32 PM and their follow-up pain level documented at 8:32 PM was 3 and indicated the administration was effective. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented Resident #90 received two tablets of acetaminophen extra strength 500 mg on 08/10/2025 at 5:37 AM (pain level 10) with an unknown effectiveness. Resident</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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<p>F 0697</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Few</p>	<p>#90's Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/10/2025 at 5:37 AM, that indicated the resident received two tablets of acetaminophen extra strength 500 mg and their follow-up pain level documented at 9:51 AM (over three hours after administration) was 10 and the effectiveness was unknown. The Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/10/2025 at 9:51 AM, that indicated the resident received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and their follow-up pain level documented at 1:46 PM (over four hours after administration) was 10, but it was documented that the administration as effective. Resident #90's Nursing Daily Skilled Charting, dated 08/10/2025 at 10:58 AM, indicated the resident rated their pain a 10. The record indicated that the resident displayed non-verbal indicators of pain, indicating that the resident was tearful at times. Resident #90's Nursing Daily Skilled Charting, dated 08/11/2025 at 3:07 PM, indicated the resident rated their pain a 10. The record indicated that the resident displayed non-verbal indicators of pain, indicating that the resident was tearful at times. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented the resident received two tablets of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg on 08/12/2025 at 2:22 PM (pain level 10) and the effectiveness was unknown. Resident #90's Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/12/2025 at 2:22 PM that indicated the resident received two tables of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and their follow-up pain level documented at 7:23 PM (over five hours after administration) was unknown. The Progress Notes revealed no other follow-up or intervention was provided until 08/13/2025 at 3:57 AM (over seven hours later) when the resident was given one tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg. Resident #90's Nursing Daily Skilled Charting, dated 08/12/2025 at 10:09 PM, indicated the resident rated their pain a 10. The record indicated that the resident displayed non-verbal indicators of pain, indicating that the resident was tearful at times. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented the resident received one tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg on 08/13/2025 at 5:04 PM (pain level 10) and the administration was ineffective. Resident #90's Progress Notes revealed an Administration Note, dated 08/13/2025 at 5:04 PM, that indicated that the resident received one tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and their follow-up pain level documented at 7:37 PM (over two hours later) was a 10 and indicated the administration was ineffective. The Progress Notes indicated that the resident received two tablets of acetaminophen extra strength 500 mg at 7:39 PM and their follow-up pain level documented at 9:47 PM was a 5 and indicated the administration was effective. Resident #90's August 2025 MAR revealed staff documented the resident received one tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg on 08/14/2025 at 5:12 PM (pain level 10) and the administration was ineffective, and the next administration was at 11:40 PM (pain level 10). Resident #90's Progress Notes revealed an Administrative Note, dated 08/14/2025 at 5:12 PM, that indicated that the resident received one tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg and their follow-up pain level documented at 8:27 PM (over three hours after the administration) was 10 and indicated the administration was ineffective. The resident's Progress Notes revealed no documentation of other follow-up or intervention until 11:40 PM when the resident was given another tablet of hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg. Resident #90's record revealed no documented rationale for decreasing the resident's hydrocodone-acetaminophen. The record revealed no documentation of non-pharmacological interventions for pain offered or provided to the resident. During an interview and observation on 08/12/2025 at 2:47 PM, Resident #90 stated it took forever to get pain medications. The resident stated they had just gotten pain medication a few minutes earlier, but they had not had any since that morning. Resident #90 stated they had shoulder surgery and was supposed to get the staples out that Friday (08/15/2025). The resident grimaced in pain with the movement of the left arm. ? During an interview on 08/13/2025 at 10:06 AM, Resident #90 was lying in bed and stated the pain</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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<p>F 0697</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Few</p>	<p>(MA) X, who was the MA for the resident's orthopedic PA, stated Resident #90 complained of pain at a level of 10 out of 10 pain before surgery and during the five days following the operation while they were in the hospital, even after getting intravenous (IV) pain medications. MA X stated that a nurse followed up with the resident 15 to 20 minutes after giving the pain medication, and the resident continued to rate their pain level at a 10 out of 10. MA X stated the resident did not know how to describe their pain. They stated the resident was seen by the orthopedic PA that morning due to the pain and swelling. They stated the X-ray was negative, and the PA ordered laboratory tests and an ultrasound to rule out deep vein thrombosis (a blood clot). MA X stated the resident had orders for hydrocodone-acetaminophen 5-325 mg, one tablet every six hours and could get acetaminophen in between. They stated that when the medication was decreased, they were not aware that the resident's pain was not controlled. MA X stated that all they knew was that the resident needed a new prescription for their pain medication and the PA followed the normal process of lowering the dose because of the amount of time that had passed since surgery. MA X stated the facility needed to be utilizing acetaminophen and trying other non-pharmacological interventions, like ice. The MA stated pain management was based on each individual patient. MA X stated if the resident felt that the tramadol would be more beneficial, they (MA X) could talk to the PA about it, but it would not be until Monday (08/18/2025), and if the facility needed something more for the resident before then, they needed to contact the resident's primary care physician. During a telephone interview on 08/15/2025 at 4:25 PM, the Medical Director (MD), who was the Resident #90's primary care physician, stated they expected the staff to contact a provider when a resident's pain was not being controlled within 24 hours. The MD stated Resident #90 always reported their pain level at a 10 but expected the resident 10 but pain after surgery. The MD stated the staff should offer ice packs, position changes, a lidocaine (an anesthetic) patch, distraction, and other activities. The MD stated they were not aware of the resident's complaint of uncontrolled pain or of the resident being sent for an ultrasound. The MD stated Resident #90 did have some cognitive impairment and it was difficult to assess their pain, and the staff needed to use a clinical assessment with the resident's input to determine what the resident's pain level was. The MD stated tramadol was not effective for Resident #90 in the hospital, but it may be effective going forward if the resident felt it would be beneficial. The MD stated the resident's pain level needed to be controlled for them to participate in therapy to make progress. Resident #90's Order Recap Report, for order dates from 08/01/2025 through 08/31/2025, contained an order, dated 08/15/2025 and started on 08/16/2025, for lidocaine 4% patch, to be applied to the left shoulder in the morning and removed at bedtime. During an interview on 08/16/2025 at 9:52 AM, Resident #90 was lying in bed with their arm elevated on a pillow. There was notable swelling observed to the upper arm. The resident stated their pain was 10 at that time and they were waiting for pain medication. Resident #90 stated they had not noticed a difference with the medication changes. They stated they had a patch on their shoulder and stated that it was not effective. Resident #90 stated it had been so long since they had not had any pain that they did not know what a tolerable level of pain would be. The resident stated they were old and tired of being in pain. The resident stated having to wait six hours for pain medication was too long. The resident stated they wanted to be able to get the pain medication more often and wanted to know why they could not have tramadol back. Resident #90 grimaced in pain with movement and held onto their arm, guarding it with any movement. During an interview on 08/15/2025 at 4:50 PM, the Director of Nursing (DON) stated if a resident indicated they were having uncontrolled pain, the nurse should be evaluating the resident's pain and administering anything that was ordered, and if that was not effective, they should contract the physician to get</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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